

Overview

Useful For

Detection of fungi in clinical specimens

Reflex Tests

Test Id	Reporting Name	Available Separately	Always Performed
TISSR	Tissue Processing	No, (Bill Only)	No

Testing Algorithm

For information, see [Meningitis/Encephalitis Panel Algorithm](#).

Special Instructions

- [Meningitis/Encephalitis Panel Algorithm](#)

Method Name

Calcofluor/KOH Stain

NY State Available

Yes

Specimen

Specimen Type

Varies

Shipping Instructions

Specimen should arrive within 24 hours of collection.

Necessary Information

Specimen source is required.

Specimen Required

Preferred Specimen Type: Body fluid

Container/Tube: Sterile container

Specimen Volume: Entire collection

Preferred Specimen Type: Fresh tissue

Container/Tube: Sterile container

Specimen Volume: Pea size

Collection Instructions: Tissue should be placed in small amount of sterile saline or sterile water.

Specimen Type: Bone marrow

Container/Tube: Sterile container, SPS/Isolator system, or green top (lithium or sodium heparin)

Specimen Volume: Entire collection

Specimen Type: Respiratory specimen

Container/Tube: Sterile container

Specimen Volume: Entire collection

Specimen Type: Urine

Container/Tube: Sterile container

Specimen Volume: 2 mL

Collection Instructions: Collect a random urine specimen.

Acceptable Specimen Type: Swab

Sources: Dermal, ear, mouth, ocular, throat, or wound

Container/Tube: Culture transport swab (non-charcoal) Culturette or Eswab

Specimen Volume: Swab

Collection Instructions:

1. Before collecting specimen, wipe away any excessive amount of secretion and discharge, if appropriate.
2. Obtain secretions or fluid from source with sterile swab.
3. If smear and culture are requested or both a bacterial culture and fungal culture are requested, collect a second swab to maximize test sensitivity.

Forms

If not ordering electronically, complete, print, and send a [Microbiology Test Request](#) (T244) with the specimen.

Specimen Minimum Volume

Bone marrow, body fluid, or respiratory specimen: 0.2 mL; Any other specimen type: See Specimen Required

Reject Due To

Blood or fixed tissue Specimen in viral transport (including but not limited to M4, M5, BD viral transport media, thioglycolate broth) Nasal swab Wood shaft or	Reject
--	--------

charcoal swab Catheter tips Prepared slide, glass slide, microscope slide Stool	
---	--

Specimen Stability Information

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time	Special Container
Varies	Refrigerated (preferred)	7 days	
	Ambient	7 days	

Clinical & Interpretive

Clinical Information

Many fungi in the environment cause disease in severely compromised human hosts. Accordingly, the range of potential pathogenic fungi has increased as the number of immunosuppressed individuals (persons with AIDS, patients receiving chemotherapy or transplant rejection therapy, etc) has increased.

Few fungal diseases can be diagnosed clinically; most are diagnosed by isolating and identifying the infecting fungus in the clinical laboratory.

Reference Values

Negative

Interpretation

Positive slides are reported as one or more of the following: yeast or hyphae present, organism resembling *Blastomyces dermatitidis*, *Histoplasma capsulatum*, *Coccidioides immitis*, *Cryptococcus neoformans*, or *Malassezia furfur*.

Cautions

No significant cautionary statements.

Clinical Reference

- Schelenz S, Barnes RA, Barton RC, et al. British Society for Medical Mycology best practice recommendations for the diagnosis of serious fungal diseases. *Lancet Infect Dis.* 2015;15(4):461-474. doi:10.1016/S1473-3099(15)70006-X
- Hoenigl M, Salmanton-García J, Walsh TJ, et al. Global guideline for the diagnosis and management of rare mould infections: an initiative of the European Confederation of Medical Mycology in cooperation with the International Society for Human and Animal Mycology and the American Society for Microbiology [published correction appears in *Lancet Infect Dis.* 2021 Apr;21(4):e81]. *Lancet Infect Dis.* 2021;21(8):e246-e257. doi:10.1016/S1473-3099(20)30784-2

Performance

Method Description

Calcofluor white, a fluorescent textile brightener, nonspecifically binds with chitin in the cell wall of fungi. Examination of stained specimens using fluorescent microscopy allows for the detection of fungi due to the fluorescence of calcofluor white present on the fungal cell wall. Potassium hydroxide is added to hasten clearing of viscous specimens, and Evans blue is added to prevent nonspecific fluorescence. (Lindsley M. Mycology: Reagents, stains, and media. In: Carroll KC, Pfaller MA, Pritt BS, et al. Manual of Clinical Microbiology. 13th ed. ASM Press; 2023)

PDF Report

No

Day(s) Performed

Monday through Sunday

Report Available

1 to 2 days

Specimen Retention Time

Raw specimen: 7 days

Performing Laboratory Location

Rochester

Fees & Codes

Fees

- Authorized users can sign in to [Test Prices](#) for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact [Customer Service](#) 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their account representative. For assistance, contact [Customer Service](#).

Test Classification

This test has been cleared, approved, or is exempt by the US Food and Drug Administration and is used per manufacturer's instructions. Performance characteristics were verified by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements.

CPT Code Information

87206

87176-Tissue processing (if appropriate)

LOINC® Information

Test ID	Test Order Name	Order LOINC® Value
---------	-----------------	--------------------

FS	Fungal Smear	658-5
----	--------------	-------

Result ID	Test Result Name	Result LOINC® Value
FS	Fungal Smear	658-5