

Cytomegalovirus (CMV) Antibodies, IgG, Serum

# **Overview**

### **Useful For**

Determining whether a patient (especially transplant recipients and organ and blood donors) has had a recent infection or previous exposure to cytomegalovirus

#### **Method Name**

Multiplex Flow Immunoassay (MFI)

#### **NY State Available**

No

# **Specimen**

# **Specimen Type**

Serum

# **Specimen Required**

Supplies: Sarstedt Aliquot Tube, 5 mL (T914)

**Collection Container/Tube:** 

**Preferred:** Serum gel **Acceptable:** Red top

Submission Container/Tube: Plastic vial

Specimen Volume: 0.5 mL

Collection Instructions: Centrifuge and aliquot serum into a plastic vial.

### **Forms**

If not ordering electronically, complete, print, and send <u>Infectious Disease Serology Test Request</u> (T916) with the specimen.

### **Specimen Minimum Volume**

0.4 mL

# **Reject Due To**

Gross	Reject
hemolysis	
Gross lipemia	Reject
Gross icterus	Reject
Heat-inactivate	Reject
d specimen	



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# **Specimen Stability Information**

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time	Special Container
Serum	Refrigerated (preferred)	14 days	
	Frozen	14 days	

# **Clinical & Interpretive**

#### **Clinical Information**

Cytomegalovirus (CMV) is a member of the Herpesviridae family of viruses and usually causes asymptomatic infection after which it remains latent in patients, primarily within bone marrow-derived cells.(1) Primary CMV infection in immunocompetent individuals may also manifest as a mononucleosis-type syndrome, similar to primary Epstein-Barr virus infection, with fever, malaise, and lymphadenopathy.

Cytomegalovirus is a significant cause of morbidity and mortality among bone marrow or solid organ transplant recipients, individuals with AIDS, and other immunosuppressed patients due to virus reactivation or from a newly acquired infection.(2,3) Infection in these patient populations can affect almost any organ and lead to multiorgan failure. CMV is also responsible for congenital disease among newborns and is one of the TORCH infections (toxoplasmosis, other infections including syphilis, rubella, CMV, and herpes simplex virus).

Cytomegalovirus seroprevalence increases with age. In the United States, the prevalence of CMV specific antibodies increases from approximately 36% in children from 6 to 11 years old to over 91% in adults over 80 years old.(4)

#### **Reference Values**

Negative (reported as positive, negative, or equivocal)

#### Interpretation

Positive cytomegalovirus (CMV) IgG results indicate past or recent CMV infection. These individuals may transmit CMV to susceptible individuals through blood and tissue products.

Equivocal CMV IgG results may occur during acute infection or may be due to nonspecific binding reactions. Submit an additional sample for testing if clinically indicated.

Individuals with negative CMV IgG results are presumed to not have had prior exposure or infection with CMV and are, therefore, considered susceptible to primary infection.

#### **Cautions**

Sera collected very early during the acute stage of infection may have undetectable levels of cytomegalovirus (CMV) IgG. The CMV IgG assay should not be used alone to diagnose CMV infection. Results should be considered in conjunction with clinical presentation, patient history, and other laboratory findings. In cases of suspected disease, submit a second specimen for testing in 10 to 14 days.

The performance characteristics of this assay have not been evaluated in immunosuppressed patients or organ transplant recipients and have not been established for cord blood or for testing of neonates.



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Immune complexes or other immunoglobulin aggregates present in patient specimens may cause increased nonspecific binding and produce false-positive results.

Potential cross-reactivity for CMV with human chorionic gonadotropin, HIV IgG, multiple myeloma IgG, rheumatoid factor IgM, and *Toxoplasma gondii* IgG have not been ruled out.

#### **Supportive Data**

To evaluate the accuracy of the BioPlex cytomegalovirus (CMV) IgG multiplex flow immunoassay, 100 prospective serum samples submitted for routine CMV IgG testing by the VIDAS enzyme-linked fluorescence immunoassay (ELFA; bioMerieux, Durham, NC) were also analyzed in a blinded fashion by the BioPlex assay within a 24-hour period. Samples with discordant results after initial testing were repeated by both assays during the same freeze/thaw cycle. The results are summarized below:

	CMV IgG (VIDAS ELFA)		
		Positive	Negative
BioPlex	Positive	67	0
CMV IgG	Negative	0	33

Sensitivity: 100.0% (67/67); 95% CI: 93.5%-100% Specificity: 100.0% (33/33); 95% CI: 87.6%-100%

Overall Percent Agreement: 100.0% (100/100); 95% CI: 95.6%-100%

# **Clinical Reference**

- 1. Soderberg-Naucler C, Fish KN, Nelson JA. Reactivation of latent human cytomegalovirus by allogeneic stimulation of blood cells from healthy donors. 1997;91(1):119-126
- 2. Kusne S, Shapiro R, Fung J. Prevention and treatment of cytomegalovirus infection in organ transplant recipients. Transpl Infect Dis. 1999;1(3):187-203
- 3. Rubin RH. Importance of CMV in the transplant population. Transpl Infect Dis. 1999;1 Suppl 1:3-7
- 4. Staras SA, Dollard SC, Radford KW, Flanders WD, Pass RF, Cannon MJ. Seroprevalence of cytomegalovirus infection in the United States, 1998-1994. Clin Infect Dis. 2006;143(9):1143-1151
- 5. Bruminhent J, Thongprayoon C, Dierkhising RA, Kremers WK, Theel ES, Razonable RR. Risk factors for cytomegalovirus reactivation after liver transplantation: can pre-transplant cytomegalovirus antibody titers predict outcome? Liver Transpl. 2015;21(4):539-546
- 6. Dioverti MV, Razonable RR. Cytomegalovirus. Microbiol Spectr. 2016;4(4). doi:10.1128/microbiolspec.DMIH2-0022-2015

#### **Performance**

# **Method Description**

The BioPlex 2200 cytomegalovirus (CMV) IgG assay uses multiplex flow immunoassay technology. Briefly, CMV antigen-coated fluorescent beads are mixed with an aliquot of patient sample and sample diluent and incubated at 37 degrees C. During this time IgG anti-CMV antibodies in the specimen will bind to the CMV antigen on the beads. After a wash cycle, a fluorescently labeled antihuman IgG-antibody conjugate is added to the mixture and incubated at 37



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degrees C. Following a wash step to remove unbound conjugate, the bead mixture is passed through a detector that identifies the bead based on dye fluorescence and determines the amount of antibody captured by the antigen based on fluorescence of the antihuman IgG conjugate. Raw data is calculated in relative fluorescence intensity and is converted to an antibody index for interpretation.

Three additional dyed beads, an internal standard bead, a serum verification bead, and a reagent black bead are present in each reaction mixture to verify detector response, the addition of serum to the reaction vessel and the absence of significant nonspecific binding in serum, respectively. (Package insert: BioPlex 2200 System, ToRC IgG, Bio-Rad Laboratories, Clinical Diagnostics Group, Hercules, CA)

# **PDF Report**

No

#### Day(s) Performed

Monday through Saturday

#### Report Available

Same day/1 to 3 days

#### **Specimen Retention Time**

14 days

# **Performing Laboratory Location**

**Jacksonville** 

#### Fees & Codes

#### **Fees**

- Authorized users can sign in to Test Prices for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact <u>Customer Service</u> 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their account representative. For assistance, contact <u>Customer Service</u>.

#### **Test Classification**

This test has been cleared, approved, or is exempt by the US Food and Drug Administration and is used per manufacturer's instructions. Performance characteristics were verified by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements.

#### **CPT Code Information**

86644

# **LOINC®** Information

Test ID	Test Order Name	Order LOINC® Value
CMVG	Cytomegalovirus Ab, IgG, S	13949-3



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Result ID	Test Result Name	Result LOINC® Value
CMVG	Cytomegalovirus Ab, IgG, S	13949-3