

## Overview

### Useful For

Provides certolizumab drug concentration and anti-certolizumab antibodies in order to optimize treatment and facilitate clinical decision-making.

This assay may be helpful in any patient on certolizumab therapy for Crohn's disease, psoriasis, or other autoimmune condition.

### Method Name

Electrochemiluminescence immunoassay (ECLIA); Surface Plasmon Resonance

### NY State Available

Yes

## Specimen

### Specimen Type

Serum

### Specimen Required

**Specimen Type:** Serum

**Container/Tube:** Red or SST

**Specimen Volume:** 2 mL

**Collection Instructions:** Draw blood in a plain red-top tube(s), serum gel tube(s) is acceptable. Spin down and send 2 mL of serum frozen in a plastic vial.

To avoid delays in turnaround time when requesting multiple tests, **please submit separate frozen specimens for each test requested.**

### Specimen Minimum Volume

0.60 mL (Note: This volume does not allow for repeat testing.)

### Reject Due To

Gross hemolysis	Gross reject; Mild OK
Gross lipemia	Reject
Gross icterus	NA
Other/Tissue/Swab	Specimens other than indicated

**Specimen Stability Information**

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time	Special Container
Serum	Frozen (preferred)	14 days	
	Refrigerated	14 days	

**Clinical & Interpretive****Reference Values****Certolizumab:**

Quantitation Limit: &lt;1.0 ug/mL

Results of 1 ug/mL or higher indicate detection of certolizumab

**Anti-Certolizumab Antibody:**

Quantitation Limit: &lt;40 ng/mL

Results of 40 ng/mL or higher indicate detection of anti-certolizumab pegol antibodies.

**Cautions**

As with other biologics, the optimal certolizumab concentration depends upon patient-specific factors including co-morbidities, disease, and desired therapeutic endpoint.

Trough blood collection (just before the next dose) is suitable because target ranges and therapeutic cut-offs are established by clinical studies that typically evaluate trough concentrations.

Therefore, the timing of specimen collection should be considered when interpreting drug concentrations. Drug half-life should be factored in when evaluating non-trough concentrations.

Adequate drug trough levels do not guarantee clinical efficacy since primary non-response can be due to mechanistic failure.

Lack of clinical response may be due to inadequate drug exposure, immunogenicity or mechanistic mismatch. Positive anti-certolizumab antibodies should be interpreted in the context of the concomitant free certolizumab drug level.

**Performance****PDF Report**

No

**Day(s) Performed**

Tuesday

**Report Available**

10-21 days

**Performing Laboratory Location**

Esoterix Endocrinology

**Fees & Codes****Fees**

- Authorized users can sign in to [Test Prices](#) for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact [Customer Service](#) 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their account representative. For assistance, contact [Customer Service](#).

**Test Classification**

These tests were developed and their performance characteristics determined by LabCorp. They have not been cleared or approved by the Food and Drug Administration.

**CPT Code Information**

80299

82397

**LOINC® Information**

Test ID	Test Order Name	Order LOINC® Value
FCZAC	Certolizumab and Anti-Certo Ab	Not Provided

Result ID	Test Result Name	Result LOINC® Value
Z5637	Certolizumab	87404-0
Z5638	Anti-Certolizumab Antibody	87405-7