

T-Lymphoblastic Leukemia/Lymphoma, FISH,
Tissue

Overview

Useful For

Detecting recurrent common chromosome abnormalities associated with T-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia/lymphoma (T-ALL) using client specified probes

Identifying and tracking known chromosome abnormalities in patients with T-ALL and monitoring response to therapy

Reflex Tests

Test Id	Reporting Name	Available Separately	Always Performed
_1300	Interphases, >=100	No	No
_1099	Interphases, 25-99	No	No
_IL25	Interphases, <25	No	No
_PB03	Probe, +3	No	No
_PB02	Probe, +2	No	No
_PADD	Probe, +1	No	No
_PBCT	Probe, +2	No	No

Testing Algorithm

This test may be ordered in 2 distinct ways allowing different combinations of probes to be utilized based on the clinical question, including the standard (diagnostic) T-lymphoblastic leukemia/lymphoma (TLBL) fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) panel and the individual TLBL fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) probes (per client request).

This test includes a charge for the probe application, analysis, and professional interpretation of results for one probe set (2 individual [FISH] probes). Additional charges will be incurred for all reflex or additional probe sets performed. Analysis charges will be incurred based on the number of cells analyzed per probe set. If no cells are available for analysis, no analysis charges will be incurred.

If individual TLBL FISH probes are wanted, the specific probes requested must be noted on the request form or in the reason for referral. If no FISH probes are indicated, the standard (diagnostic) panel will be performed.

The standard (diagnostic) panel includes testing for the following abnormalities, using the FISH probes listed:

1p33 rearrangement or STIL deletion, request probe TAL1/STIL

t(5;14)(q35;q32) or TLX3::BCL11B fusion, request probe TLX3/BCL11B

t(7q34;var) or 7q34 rearrangement, request probe TRB break-apart

+9/9p-, request probe CDKN2A/D9Z1

t(9;22) or ABL1 amplification, request probe ABL1/BCR

t(10;11)(p12;q14) or MLLT10::PICALM fusion, request probe MLLT10/PICALM

t(11q23;var) or 11q23 rearrangement, request probe MLL(KMT2A) break-apart

t(14q11.2;var) or 14q11.2 rearrangement, request probe TRAD break-apart



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-17/17p-, request probe TP53/D17Z1

When an *MLL(KMT2A)* rearrangement is identified, appropriate reflex testing will be performed with 1 or more dual-fusion (D-FISH) probe sets in an attempt to identify the translocation partner.

Reflex testing is performed for the following abnormalities, using the FISH probes listed:

t(4;11)(q21;q23) or AFF1::MLL(KMT2A) fusion, request probe AFF1/MLL

t(6;11)(q27;q23) or MLLT4(AFDN)::MLL(KMT2A) fusion, request probe MLLT4(AFDN)/MLL

t(9;11)(p22;q23) or MLLT3::MLL(KMT2A) fusion, request probe MLLT3/MLL

t(10;11)(p12;q23) or MLLT10::MLL(KMT2A) fusion, request probe MLLT10/MLL

t(11;19)(q23;p13.1) or MLL(KMT2A)::ELL fusion, request probe MLL/ELL

t(11;19)(q23;p13.3) or MLL(KMT2A)::MLLT1 fusion, request probe MLL/MLLT1

When a *TRB(TCR beta)* rearrangement is identified, reflex testing will be performed with the D-FISH probe set for t(7;10)(q34;q24) *TRB::TLX1* fusion in an attempt to identify the translocation partner. To request this probe specifically, request probe TRB/TLX1.

When a *TRAD*(*TCR alpha delta*) rearrangement is identified, reflex testing will be performed with the D-FISH probe set for t(10;14)(q24;q11.2) *TLX1::TRAD* fusion in an attempt to identify the translocation partner. To request this probe specifically, request probe TLX1/TRAD.

Appropriate ancillary probes may be performed at consultant discretion to render comprehensive assessment. Any additional probes will have the results included within the final report and will be performed at an additional charge.

Method Name

Fluorescence In Situ Hybridization (FISH)

NY State Available

Yes

Specimen

Specimen Type

Tissue

Ordering Guidance

This test does not include a pathology consultation. If a pathology consultation is requested, order PATHC / Pathology Consultation, and appropriate testing will be added at the discretion of the pathologist and performed at an additional charge.

Mayo Hematopathology Consultants are involved in both the pre-analytic (tissue adequacy and probe selection, when applicable) and post-analytic (interpretation of fluorescence in situ hybridization [FISH] results in context of specific case, when applicable) phases.



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This assay detects chromosome abnormalities observed in paraffin-embedded tissue samples of patients with T-lymphoblastic leukemia/lymphoma (T-LBL). If a non-paraffin embedded bone marrow or blood sample is received for this test, the test will be canceled and automatically reordered by the laboratory as TALAF / T-Cell Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia/Lymphoma (ALL), FISH, Adult, Varies or TALPF / T-Cell Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia/Lymphoma (ALL), FISH, Pediatric, Varies depending on the age of the patient.

Shipping Instructions

Advise Express Mail or equivalent if not on courier service.

Necessary Information

- **1.** A pathology report is required for testing to be performed. If not provided, appropriate testing and/or interpretation may be compromised or delayed. Acceptable pathology reports include working drafts, preliminary pathology, or surgical pathology reports.
- 2. The following information must be included in the report provided:
- -Patient name
- -Block number must be on all blocks, slides, and paperwork
- -Date of collection
- -Tissue source
- **3.** A reason for testing must be provided. If this information is not provided, an appropriate indication for testing may be entered by Mayo Clinic Laboratories.
- **4.** A list of probes is required if select probes are necessary or if the patient is being tracked for known abnormalities. See Table in Clinical Information.

Specimen Required

Submit only 1 of the following specimens:

Preferred:

Specimen Type: Tissue block

Collection Instructions: Submit a formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tumor tissue block. Blocks prepared with alternative fixation methods will be attempted but are less favorable for successful results; provide fixation method used.

Additional Information:

- 1. Paraffin embedded specimens can be from any anatomic location (skin, soft tissue, lymph node, etc).
- 2. Bone specimens that have been decalcified will be attempted for testing, but the success rate is approximately 50%.

Acceptable:

Specimen Type: Tissue slides

Slides: 1 Hematoxylin and eosin stained and 2 unstained for each probe set

Collection Instructions:

- 1. Include 1 hematoxylin and eosin-stained slide for the entire test order.
- 2. For each probe set ordered, 2 consecutive, unstained, 5 micron-thick sections placed on positively charged slides

Forms

If not ordering electronically, complete, print, and send 1 of the following forms with the specimen:



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-<u>Hematopathology/Cytogenetics Test Request</u> (T726)
-<u>Children's Oncology Group Test Request</u> (T829)

Specimen Minimum Volume

See Specimen Required

Reject Due To

All specimens will be evaluated at Mayo Clinic Laboratories for test suitability.

Specimen Stability Information

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time	Special Container
Tissue	Ambient (preferred)		
	Refrigerated		

Clinical & Interpretive

Clinical Information

T-lymphoblastic lymphoma (T-LBL) is the non-leukemic form of T-acute lymphoblastic leukemia (T-ALL). In the United States, the incidence of ALL is roughly 6000 new cases per year, or approximately 1 in 50,000. ALL accounts for approximately 70% of all childhood leukemia cases (ages 0 to 19 years), making it the most common childhood cancer. Approximately 85% of pediatric ALL cases are B-cell lineage (B-ALL) and 15% are T-cell lineage (T-ALL). T-ALL is more common in adolescents than younger children and accounts for 25% of adult ALL. When occurring as a primary lymphoblastic lymphoma, approximately 90% are T-cell lineage versus only 10% B-cell lineage. T-LBL characteristically presents in adolescents and young adults as a mediastinal mass with or without concurrent bone marrow involvement. It is not uncommon that the only sample available with T-LBL involvement is a paraffin-embedded mediastinal or lymph node biopsy specimen.

Specific genetic abnormalities can be identified in the majority of T-ALL/LBL cases, although many of the classic abnormalities are "cryptic" by conventional chromosome studies and must be identified by fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) studies and are associated with various prognoses. One predictive marker, amplification of the *ABL1* gene region, has been identified in 5% of T-ALL/LBL, and these patients may be responsive to targeted tyrosine kinase inhibitors. A combination of cytogenetic and FISH testing is currently recommended in all pediatric and adult patients to characterize the T-ALL/LBL clone for prognostic genetic subgroups.

Reference Values

An interpretive report will be provided.

Interpretation

A neoplastic clone is detected when the percent of cells with an abnormality exceeds the normal reference range for any given probe set.

A positive result is not diagnostic for T-lymphoblastic lymphoma (T-LBL) but may provide relevant prognostic information.



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The absence of an abnormal clone does not rule out the presence of a neoplastic disorder.

Cautions

This test is not approved by the US Food and Drug Administration and is best used as an adjunct to existing clinical and pathologic information.

Fixatives other than formalin (eg, Prefer, Bouin's) may not be successful for fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) assays. Non-formalin fixed specimens will not be rejected.

Paraffin-embedded tissues that have been decalcified will be attempted but may not be successful for FISH analysis. The success rate of FISH studies on decalcified tissue is approximately 50%.

Fluorescent in situ hybridization studies will be attempted if sufficient tumor is present for analysis. The pathologist reviewing the hematoxylin and eosin-stained slide may find it necessary to cancel testing if insufficient tissue/tumor is available for testing.

If no FISH signals are observed post-hybridization, the case will be released indicating a lack of FISH results.

Clinical Reference

WHO Classification of Tumours Editorial Board, eds. Haematolymphoid tumours. 5th ed. IARC Press; 2024. WHO Classification of Tumours, Volume 11

Performance

Method Description

This test uses fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) enumeration strategy probes to detect deletions of *CDKN2A* on chromosome 9p and *TP53* on chromosome 17p. Dual-color, break-apart (BAP) probes are used to detect rearrangements of the *TAL1/STIL(SIL)*, *TRB(TCR* beta), *MLL(KMT2A)*, and *TRAD(TCR* alpha delta) locus on 1p33, 7q34, 11q23, and 14q11.2, respectively. Dual-color, dual-fusion strategy (D-FISH) probe sets are used to detect fusion of the *TLX3(HOX11L2)/BCL11B*, *ABL1(ABL)/BCR*, and *MLLT10/PICALM* locus on (5;14)(q35;q32), (9;22)(q34;q11.2), and (10;11)(p12;q14) respectively. D-FISH probe sets are also used in reflex testing when rearrangements of *MLL(KMT2A)*, *TRAD(TCR* alpha delta) and *TRB(TCR* beta) gene loci are detected. Amplification of the *ABL1* gene is detected using a D-FISH probe strategy. Paraffin-embedded tissues are cut at 5 microns and mounted on positively charged glass slides. The selection of tissue and the identification of target areas on the hematoxylin and eosin (H and E) stained slide are performed by a pathologist. Using the H and E-stained slide as a reference, target areas are etched with a diamond-tipped etcher on the back of the unstained slide to be assayed. For each probe set, the probes are hybridized to the appropriate target areas and 2 technologists each analyze 50 interphase nuclei (100 total) per probe set with the results expressed as the percent abnormal nuclei.(Unpublished Mayo method)

PDF Report

No



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Day(s) Performed

Monday through Friday

Report Available

7 to 10 days

Specimen Retention Time

Slides used for analysis are retained by the laboratory in accordance with regulatory requirements. Client provided paraffin blocks and extra unstained slides (if provided) will be returned after testing is complete.

Performing Laboratory Location

Rochester

Fees & Codes

Fees

- Authorized users can sign in to <u>Test Prices</u> for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact <u>Customer Service</u> 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their account representative. For assistance, contact <u>Customer Service</u>.

Test Classification

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration.

CPT Code Information

88271 x 2, 88291-DNA probe, each (first probe set), Interpretation and report

88271 x 2-DNA probe, each; each additional probe set (if appropriate)

88271-DNA probe, each; coverage for sets containing 3 probes (if appropriate)

88271 x 2-DNA probe, each; coverage for sets containing 4 probes (if appropriate)

88271 x 3-DNA probe, each; coverage for sets containing 5 probes (if appropriate)

88274 w/modifier 52-Interphase in situ hybridization, <25 cells, each probe set (if appropriate)

88274-Interphase in situ hybridization, 25 to 99 cells, each probe set (if appropriate)

88275-Interphase in situ hybridization, 100 to 300 cells, each probe set (if appropriate)

LOINC® Information

Test ID	Test Order Name	Order LOINC® Value
TLBLF	T-Lymphoblastic Leuk/Lymph,	In Process
	FISH,Ts	

Result ID	Test Result Name	Result LOINC® Value
113467	Result Summary	50397-9
113468	Interpretation	69965-2



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113626	Result Table	93356-4
113469	Result	62356-1
GC005	Reason for Referral	42349-1
113470	Specimen	31208-2
113471	Source	31208-2
113472	Tissue ID	80398-1
113473	Method	85069-3
113474	Additional Information	48767-8
113475	Disclaimer	62364-5
113476	Released By	18771-6