

Overview

Useful For

Supporting the biochemical diagnosis of mucopolysaccharidosis VII (MPS VII, Sly syndrome)

This test is **not useful** for determining carrier status for MPS VII.

Genetics Test Information

This test provides diagnostic testing for individuals with clinical signs and symptoms suspicious for mucopolysaccharidosis type VII (MPS VII, Sly syndrome). If an enzyme deficiency is detected by this test, additional biochemical or molecular testing is required to confirm a diagnosis.

Special Instructions

- [Informed Consent for Genetic Testing](#)
- [Biochemical Genetics Patient Information](#)
- [Blood Spot Collection Card-Spanish Instructions](#)
- [Blood Spot Collection Card-Chinese Instructions](#)
- [Informed Consent for Genetic Testing \(Spanish\)](#)
- [Blood Spot Collection Instructions](#)

Method Name

Liquid Chromatography Tandem Mass Spectrometry (LC-MS/MS)

NY State Available

Yes

Specimen

Specimen Type

Whole blood

Necessary Information

1. Patient's age is required.
2. Reason for testing is required.

Specimen Required

Submit only 1 of the following specimen types:

Preferred:

Specimen Type: Blood spot

Supplies: Card-Blood Spot Collection (Filter Paper) (T493)

Container/Tube:

Preferred: Blood Spot Collection Card

Acceptable: Whatman Protein Saver 903 Paper, PerkinElmer 226 filter paper, Munktell filter paper, or blood collected in tubes containing EDTA and dried on filter paper

Specimen Volume: 2 Blood spots

Collection Instructions:

- 1. An alternative blood collection option for a patient older than 1 year is a fingerstick. For detailed instructions, see [How to Collect Dried Blood Spot Samples](#).
- 2. At least 2 spots should be complete (ie, unpunctured).
- 3. Let blood dry on filter paper at ambient temperature in a horizontal position for a minimum of 3 hours.
- 4. Do not expose specimen to heat or direct sunlight.
- 5. Do not stack wet specimens.
- 6. Keep specimen dry.

Specimen Stability Information: Refrigerated (preferred) 60 days/Ambient 7 days/Frozen 60 days

Additional Information:

- 1. For collection instructions, see [Blood Spot Collection Instructions](#)
- 2. For collection instructions in Spanish, see [Blood Spot Collection Card-Spanish Instructions](#) (T777)
- 3. For collection instructions in Chinese, see [Blood Spot Collection Card-Chinese Instructions](#) (T800)

Acceptable:

Specimen Type: Whole Blood

Container/Tube:

Preferred: Lavender top (EDTA)

Acceptable: Yellow top (ACD)

Specimen Volume: 2 mL

Collection Instructions: Send specimen in original tube. **Do not aliquot.**

Specimen Stability Information: Refrigerate (preferred) 7 days/Ambient 48 hours.

Forms

- 1. **New York Clients-Informed consent is required.** Document on the request form or electronic order that a copy is on file. The following documents are available:
 - [Informed Consent for Genetic Testing](#) (T576)
 - [Informed Consent for Genetic Testing-Spanish](#) (T826)
- 2. [Biochemical Genetics Patient Information](#) (T602)
- 3. If not ordering electronically, complete, print, and send a [Biochemical Genetics Test Request](#) (T798) with the specimen.

Specimen Minimum Volume

Blood Spots: 1

Whole Blood: 0.5 mL

Reject Due To

Blood spot specimen that shows serum rings or has	Reject
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multiple layers	
Insufficient specimen	Reject
Unapproved filter papers	Reject

Specimen Stability Information

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time	Special Container
Whole blood	Varies		

Clinical & Interpretive

Clinical Information

Mucopolysaccharidosis VII (MPS VII, Sly syndrome) is an autosomal recessive lysosomal storage disorder caused by the deficiency of beta-glucuronidase. Clinical features and severity of symptoms of MPS VII are widely variable ranging from severe lethal hydrops fetalis to more mild forms which generally present with later onset and a milder clinical presentation. In general, symptoms may include skeletal anomalies, coarse facies, hepatomegaly, neurological issues, and intellectual disability. Sly syndrome is 1 of the least common mucopolysaccharidoses with an incidence of 1 in 250,000 live births.

A diagnostic workup for MPS includes glycosaminoglycan (GAG) determination in urine (MPSQU / Mucopolysaccharides Quantitative, Random, Urine) or blood (MPSBS / Mucopolysaccharidosis, Blood Spot, or MPSER / Mucopolysaccharides Quantitative, Serum) and molecular genetic analysis of the relevant gene. For MPS VII, molecular analysis of the *GUSB* gene (CGPH / Custom Gene Panel, Hereditary, Next-Generation Sequencing, Varies; specify Gene List ID: IEMCP-L613TF) allows for detection of disease-causing variants in affected patients and subsequent carrier detection in relatives.

Reference Values

>2.60 nmol/mL/hour

An interpretive report will be provided.

Interpretation

Abnormal results are not sufficient to establish a diagnosis of a particular disease. To verify a preliminary diagnosis based on this assay, additional biochemical or molecular genetic analyses are required.

When abnormal results are detected, a detailed interpretation is given, including an overview of the results and of their significance, a correlation to available clinical information, elements of differential diagnosis, recommendations for additional biochemical testing, and in vitro, confirmatory studies (enzyme assay, molecular genetic analysis), and a phone number to reach one of the laboratory directors in case the referring physician has additional questions.

Cautions

Individuals with pseudodeficiency alleles can show reduced enzyme activity.

Carrier status (heterozygosity) for these conditions cannot be reliably detected.

Enzyme levels may be normal in individuals receiving enzyme replacement therapy or who have undergone hematopoietic stem cell transplant.

Clinical Reference

1. Neufeld EF, Muenzer J. The mucopolysaccharidoses. In: Valle DL, Antonarakis S, Ballabio A, Beaudet AL, Mitchell GA. eds. The Online Metabolic and Molecular Bases of Inherited Disease. McGraw-Hill; Accessed May 24, 2023.
<https://ommbid.mhmedical.com/content.aspx?bookid=2709§ionid=225544161>
2. Hopwood JJ, Ballabio A. Multiple sulfatase deficiency and the nature of the sulfatase family. In: Valle DL, Antonarakis S, Ballabio A, Beaudet AL, Mitchell GA. eds. The Online Metabolic and Molecular Bases of Inherited Disease. McGraw-Hill; Accessed May 24, 2023.
<https://ommbid.mhmedical.com/content.aspx?bookid=2709§ionid=225546905>

Performance**Method Description**

One dried blood spot (DBS) sample is incubated with a mix of substrate and internal standard (IS) for iduronate 2-sulfatase, heparan N-sulfatase, alpha-N-acetylglucosaminidase, N-acetylgalactosamine-sulfate, beta-galactosidase, arylsulfatase B, beta-glucuronidase, and tripeptidyl peptidase 1. A second DBS sample is incubated with a mix of substrate and IS for acetyl-CoA:alpha-glucosaminide N-acetyltransferase; and a third DBS sample with a mix of substrate and IS for palmitoyl-protein thioesterase 1. Following overnight incubation, the samples are combined, extracted by liquid-liquid extraction, and analyzed by tandem mass spectrometry.(Unpublished Mayo method)

PDF Report

No

Day(s) Performed

Thursday

Report Available

8 to 15 days

Specimen Retention Time

1 year

Performing Laboratory Location

Rochester

Fees & Codes**Fees**

- Authorized users can sign in to [Test Prices](#) for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact [Customer Service](#) 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their account representative. For assistance, contact [Customer Service](#).

Test Classification

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration.

CPT Code Information

82657

LOINC® Information

Test ID	Test Order Name	Order LOINC® Value
GUSBB	Beta-Glucuronidase, BS	79457-8

Result ID	Test Result Name	Result LOINC® Value
BG747	Reason for Referral	42349-1
618288	Beta-glucuronidase	79457-8
618428	Interpretation	59462-2
618427	Reviewed By	18771-6