

Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis, Two-Enzyme Panel, Leukocytes

### Overview

### Useful For

Supporting the biochemical diagnosis of two neuronal ceroid lipofuscinoses, CLN1 and CLN2 in whole blood specimens

This test is **not useful for** carrier detection.

### **Genetics Test Information**

This test provides diagnostic testing for individuals with clinical signs and symptoms suspicious for neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis 1 or 2 (CLN1 or CLN2). If an enzyme deficiency is detected by this screening test, additional biochemical or molecular testing is required to confirm a diagnosis.

### **Special Instructions**

- Informed Consent for Genetic Testing
- Biochemical Genetics Patient Information
- Informed Consent for Genetic Testing (Spanish)

### Method Name

Liquid Chromatography Tandem Mass Spectrometry (LC-MS/MS)

#### NY State Available

Yes

### Specimen

# Specimen Type

Whole Blood ACD

#### Ordering Guidance

This blood test is an appropriate first step for individuals between 0 and 4 years of age who present with symptoms consistent with neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis.

#### Shipping Instructions

For optimal isolation of leukocytes, it is recommended the specimen arrive refrigerated within 6 days of collection to be stabilized. Collect specimen Monday through Thursday only and not the day before a holiday. Specimen should be collected and packaged as close to shipping time as possible.

#### **Necessary Information**

- 1. Patient's age is required.
- 2. Reason for testing is required.



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### **Specimen Required**

Container/Tube: Preferred: Yellow top (ACD solution B) Acceptable: Yellow top (ACD solution A) or lavender top (EDTA) Specimen Volume: 6 mL Collection Instructions: Send whole blood specimen in original tube. Do not aliquot.

### Forms

1. New York Clients-Informed consent is required. Document on the request form or electronic order that a copy is on file. The following documents are available:

-<u>Informed Consent for Genetic Testing</u> (T576)

-Informed Consent for Genetic Testing-Spanish (T826)

2. Biochemical Genetics Patient Information (T602)

3. If not ordering electronically, complete, print, and send a <u>Biochemical Genetics Test Request</u> (T798) with the specimen.

### **Specimen Minimum Volume**

5 mL

### Reject Due To

Gross	Reject
hemolysis	

## **Specimen Stability Information**

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time	Special Container
Whole Blood ACD	Ambient	6 days	
	Refrigerated (preferred)	6 days	

## **Clinical & Interpretive**

### **Clinical Information**

The neuronal ceroid lipofuscinoses (NCL) comprise a group of recessively inherited neurodegenerative disorders involved in lysosomal protein catabolism. Clinically they are characterized by vision loss, seizures, developmental regression, behavioral changes, movement disorders, and distinguished from other neurodegenerative disorders by the accumulation of auto fluorescent storage material in the brain and tissues. Although at least 13 different genes have been identified, the CLN have traditionally been categorized based on the age of onset of symptoms: infantile, late-infantile, juvenile, and adult. Infantile (CLN1) and late-infantile NCL (CLN2) are caused by defects in palmitoyl-protein thioesterase 1 (*PPT1*) and tripeptidyl peptidase 1 (*TPP1*), respectively. Deficiency of tripeptidyl peptidase is also a cause of autosomal recessive spinocerebellar ataxia-7.



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Children affected by infantile NCL (CLN1) typically have normal growth and development until about 6 to 12 months of age. Slowed head growth occurs at around 9 months followed by psychomotor degeneration, seizures, and progressive macular degeneration leading to blindness by the age 2 years. CLN1 is caused by a deficiency of the lysosomal enzyme palmitoyl-protein thioesterase 1 (PPT1), which cleaves long-chain fatty acids (usually palmitate) from cysteine residues. Electron microscopy shows granular osmophilic deposits in most cell types. PPT1 is thought to play an active role in various cell processes including apoptosis, endocytosis, and lipid metabolism.

The late infantile form of NCL (CLN2) is primarily caused by deficiency of the lysosomal enzyme tripeptidyl peptidase 1 (TPP1), which cleaves tripeptides from the N-terminus of polypeptides. Tissue damage results from the defective degradation and consequent accumulation of storage material with a curvilinear profile by electron microscopy. There is widespread loss of neuronal tissue especially in the cerebellum and hippocampal region. Disease onset occurs at 2 to 4 years of age with seizures, ataxia, myoclonus, psychomotor retardation, vision loss, and speech impairment.

Diagnostic strategy depends on the age of onset of symptoms. In children presenting between the ages 0 to 4 years, enzyme assay of PPT1 and TPP1 is an appropriate first step. For other patients suspected of having an NCL, molecular genetic testing of CLN genes is available; see NCLGP / Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis (Batten Disease) Gene Panel, Varies.

### **Reference Values**

Palmitoyl-protein thioesterase 1: >10.0 nmol/h/mg protein Tripeptidyl peptidase 1: >20.0 nmol/h/mg protein

An interpretative report will be provided.

### Interpretation

Abnormal results are not sufficient to establish a diagnosis of a particular disease. To verify a preliminary diagnosis based on this assay, additional biochemical or molecular genetic analyses are required.

When abnormal results are detected, a detailed interpretation is given, including an overview of the results and of their significance, a correlation to available clinical information, elements of differential diagnosis, recommendations for additional biochemical testing, and in vitro, confirmatory studies (enzyme assay, molecular analysis), and a phone number to reach one of the laboratory directors in case the referring physician has additional questions.

## Cautions

Deficiency of tripeptidyl peptidase 1 (*TPP1*) can also be indicative of autosomal recessive spinocerebellar ataxia-7. Individuals with pseudodeficiency alleles can show reduced enzyme activity.

Carrier status (heterozygosity) for these conditions cannot be reliably detected.

Enzyme levels may be normal in individuals receiving enzyme replacement therapy or who have undergone hematopoietic stem cell transplant.

### **Clinical Reference**

1. Hofmann SL, Peltonen L. The neuronal ceroid lipofuscinoses. In: Valle DL, Antonarakis S, Ballabio A, Beaudet AL, Mitchell GA. eds. The Online Metabolic and Molecular Bases of Inherited Disease. McGraw-Hill; Accessed July 17, 2023.



Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis, Two-Enzyme Panel, Leukocytes

Available at https://ommbid.mhmedical.com/content.aspx?bookid=2709&sectionid=225548100 2. Kohlschutter A, Schulz A, Bartsch U, Storch S. Current and emerging treatment strategies for neuronal ceroid lipofuscinoses. CNS Drugs. 2019;33(4):315-325. doi:10.1007/s40263-019-00620-8

### Performance

### **Method Description**

Leukocytes are incubated with four cocktail mixes: 1) substrate and internal standard (IS) for iduronate 2-sulfatase, heparan N-sulfatase, alpha-N-acetylglucosaminidase, N-acetylgalactosamine-sulfate, beta-galactosidase, arylsulfatase B, beta-glucuronidase, and tripeptidyl peptidase 1; 2) substrate and IS for acetyl-CoA:alpha-glucosaminide N-acetyltransferase; 3) substrate and IS for N-acetylglucosamine-6-sulfatase; and 4) substrate and IS for palmitoyl-protein thioesterase 1 in 96-well plates. Following overnight incubation, the plates are combined and purified by liquid-liquid extraction. The extracts are evaporated, reconstituted with mobile phase, and analyzed by tandem mass spectrometry.(Unpublished Mayo method)

# PDF Report

No

# Day(s) Performed

Preanalytical processing: Monday through Saturday Testing performed: Tuesday

Report Available 8 to 15 days

**Specimen Retention Time** WBC homogenate: 1 month

**Performing Laboratory Location** Rochester

## Fees & Codes

#### Fees

- Authorized users can sign in to <u>Test Prices</u> for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact <u>Customer Service</u> 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their account representative. For assistance, contact <u>Customer Service</u>.

### Test Classification

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration.



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59462-2

18771-6

## **CPT Code Information**

82657

618473

618470

## LOINC<sup>®</sup> Information

Test ID	Test Order Name	Order LOINC <sup>®</sup> Value
NCLW	CLN1 and CLN2, WBC	93704-5
Result ID	Test Result Name	Result LOINC <sup>®</sup> Value
BG773	Reason for Referral	42349-1
618471	Palmitoyl-protein thioesterase 1	74935-8
618472	Tripeptidyl peptidase 1	76038-9

Interpretation

**Reviewed By**