

Smooth Muscle Antibody Titer, Serum

Overview

Useful For

Antibody titer testing as a part of the evaluation of patients with hepatitis of unknown origin associated with hypergammaglobulinemia and/or abnormal liver enzymes

Testing Algorithm

If the smooth muscle antibody (SMA) screen is equivocal or positive, then the SMA titer will be performed at an additional charge.

Method Name

Only orderable as part of a reflex. For more information see SMAS / Smooth Muscle Antibody Screen, Serum.

Indirect Immunofluorescence

NY State Available

No

Specimen

Specimen Type

Serum

Specimen Required

Only orderable as part of a reflex. For more information see SMAS / Smooth Muscle Antibody Screen, Serum.

Supplies: Sarstedt Aliquot Tube, 5 mL (T914)

Collection Container/Tube:
Preferred: Serum gel
Acceptable: Red top

Submission Container/Tube: Plastic vial

Specimen Volume: 0.8 mL

Collection Instructions: Centrifuge and aliquot serum into plastic vial

Specimen Minimum Volume

0.4 mL

Reject Due To

Gross	Reject
hemolysis	
Gross lipemia	Reject



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Gross icterus	ОК
Heat-Treated	Reject

Specimen Stability Information

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time	Special Container
Serum	Refrigerated (preferred)	21 days	
	Frozen	21 days	

Clinical & Interpretive

Clinical Information

Autoimmune hepatitis (AIH) is a chronic disease resulting from immune-mediated liver injury with varied clinical manifestations (1,2) The precise factors leading to disease initiation and perpetuation are unknown, but likely reflect a combination of genetic predisposition relating to defects in immunological control of autoreactivity, as well as environmental triggers, which precipitate a persistent breakdown in self-tolerance.(2) Initially, patients with AIH may be clinically asymptomatic, and are usually identified only through an incidental finding of abnormal liver function tests.(1-4) At a more advanced stage, patients may manifest with symptoms such as jaundice, pruritus, or ascites, which are secondary to the more extensive liver damage. As implied by the name, AIH has many characteristics of an autoimmune disease, including female predominance, hypergammaglobulinemia, association with specific *HLA* alleles, responsiveness to immunosuppression, and the presence of autoantibodies.(1-3)

The clinical features of AIH are nonspecific and can be seen in variety of liver diseases (drug/alcohol-associated hepatitis, viral hepatitis, primary sclerosing cholangitis, etc), the diagnosis can be challenging. A set of diagnostic criteria for AIH has been published and includes the presence of various autoantibodies, elevated total IgG, evidence of hepatitis on liver histology, and absence of viral markers.(1,3,4) Based on the specific autoantibodies present, AIH can be categorized in three categories.(4) The most prevalent is AIH type 1, linked to the presence of smooth muscle autoantibodies,(SMA) antinuclear antibodies (ANA) and perinuclear anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic antibodies. SMA are generally identified by indirect immunofluorescence using a smooth muscle substrate. The antigen specificity of SMA in the context of AIH has been identified as filamentous-actin (F-actin).(3) The combination of autoantibody serology, specifically SMA and anti-F-actin antibodies with liver histology and thorough clinical evaluation are useful in the evaluation of patients with suspected autoimmune hepatitis. SMA are detected in up to 85% of patients with AIH, either alone or in conjunction with ANA.(1,4,5) The SMA titer can also contribute to International Autoimmune Hepatitis Group diagnostic score in patients with a probable or definite diagnosis of AIH.(1,4,5) These antibodies have also been reported in 33% to 65% of cases of primary biliary cholangitis/AIH overlap syndrome(6), the concomitant presence of SMA and AMA being highly suggestive in this setting.

Reference Values

Only orderable as part of a reflex. For more information see SMAS / Smooth Muscle Antibody Screen, Serum.

Negative

Reference values apply to all ages.

Interpretation



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Positivity for smooth muscle antibodies (SMA) may help support a diagnosis of autoimmune hepatitis (AIH) following exclusion of other causes of hepatitis.

A negative result for SMA does not exclude a diagnosis of AIH.

Cautions

Serologic tests for autoantibodies, including smooth muscle antibodies (SMA), should not be relied upon exclusively to determine the etiology or prognosis of patients with liver disease.

A positive result for SMA may occur in patients who do not have autoimmune hepatitis. A negative result does not exclude a diagnosis of autoimmune hepatitis.

Clinical Reference

- 1. European Association for the Study of the Liver. EASL clinical practice guidelines: autoimmune hepatitis. J Hepatol. 2015;63(4):971-1004
- 2. Mieli-Vergani G, Vergani D, Czaja AJ, et al. Autoimmune hepatitis. Nat Rev Dis Primers. 2018;4:18017
- 3. Sebode M, Weiler-Normann C, Liwinski T, Schramm C. Autoantibodies in autoimmune liver disease-clinical and diagnostic relevance. Front Immunol. 2018;9:609
- 4. Terziroli Beretta-Piccoli B, Mieli-Vergani G, Vergani D. Autoimmune hepatitis: Serum autoantibodies in clinical practice. Clin Rev Allergy Immunol. 2022;63(2):124-137
- 5. Bogdanos DP, Invernizzi P, Mackay IR, Vergani D. Autoimmune liver serology: current diagnostic and clinical challenges. World J Gastroenterol. 2008;14(21):3374-3387
- 6. Muratori P, Granito A, Pappas G, et al. The serological profile of the autoimmune hepatitis/primary biliary cirrhosis overlap syndrome. Am J Gastroenterol. 2009;104(6):1420-1425

Performance

Method Description

Serial dilutions of the patient's serum are added to fresh tissue from mouse stomach/kidney and incubated; fluorescein-conjugated antiglobulin is then added. The slides are read with a fluorescence microscope. (Package insert: Kallestad Mouse Stomach/Kidney. Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc; 01/2018)

PDF Report

No

Day(s) Performed

Monday through Saturday

Report Available

2 to 4 days

Specimen Retention Time

14 days



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Performing Laboratory Location

Jacksonville

Fees & Codes

Fees

- Authorized users can sign in to <u>Test Prices</u> for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact <u>Customer Service</u> 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their account representative. For assistance, contact Customer Service.

Test Classification

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration.

CPT Code Information

86015

LOINC® Information

Test ID	Test Order Name	Order LOINC® Value
SMAT	Smooth Muscle Ab Titer, S	5358-7

Result ID	Test Result Name	Result LOINC® Value
608956	Smooth Muscle Ab Titer, S	5358-7